

XI (11th) National Seminar

“JUVENILE JUSTICE IN INDIA: STATUS & CHALLENGES” (25 June 2017, Sunday)

It is our pleasure and honour to inform you that the Suraj Sansthan, Jaipur is going to organize 11th National Seminar in the memory of Dr. Daulat Raj Thanvi (Founder Chairman of the Suraj Sansthan) on ‘JUVENILE JUSTICE IN INDIA: STATUS & CHALLENGES’ on 25th June, 2017 at conference Hall, Rajasthan Adult Education Association, Jhalana Institutional Area, Jaipur.

CONCEPT

Children have been recognized as supreme assets of a Nation. However a majority of children in India continue to live without being cared , not protected to have a meaningful childhood. Under these circumstances the children become homeless, vagabonds and prone to commit petty crimes. The juvenile justice system as conceived by legislation aims at providing care, protection, treatment, development, and rehabilitation of delinquent and neglected juvenile.

India has witnessed an increase both in crimes committed by children and those committed against them. There had been 97.9 per cent increase in crimes committed by children with more children being arraigned for arson, theft and cheating. Over 33,000 juveniles, mostly between the age group of 16 to 18, were arrested for crimes like rape and murder across Indian states in 2011, the highest in last decade. According to a Home Ministry data, of the total of 33,387 juveniles apprehended for crimes in 2011, 21657 were in the 16-18 age group and 1,211 between 7-12 age groups. The data also shows increasing cases of rape by juveniles, as many as 1419 such cases were recorded in 2011 compared to 399 cases in 2001.

The children in India require double sided protection. On the one hand need to be provided with the basic necessities for their overall development making them physically strong, mentally alert, academically brilliant by affording them, irrespective of their sex, family atmosphere for proper growing & grooming. On the other hand side they require prevention of being delinquent & such a reformative step to bring him / her back to main stream of society.

Justice Krishna Iyer had stated that "**child is the father of man**" and in order to enable fathering of a valiant and vibrant man, the child must be groomed well in the formative years of his life. He must receive education; acquire knowledge of man and materials and blossom in such an atmosphere that on reaching age, he is found to be a man who matters so far as the society is concerned.

With the implementation of the **Juvenile Justice Act** currently in progress, India’s juvenile justice system is experiencing real change. However, change in practice has yet to catch up to change on paper. **The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000**, recent amended in **2016**, is a piece of legislation

that brings together all aspects of interaction between children and the legal system. It was originally written in response to the United Nations Committee on the Rights of the Child's (UNCRC) recommendation that India incorporate the aims of the UNCRC into domestic legislation. From adoption to abuse and neglect to children in conflict with law, the Act is far-reaching in its scope and intent.

The provisions within the JJ Act, are intended to preserve the dignity and best interests of the child. Children coming under the Act are categorised as 'children in need of care and protection' who are housed in Government Homes until decisions are made on their future; while 'children in conflict with the law' are housed in Observation or Special Homes where decisions are made on their rehabilitation and care. The Child Welfare Committees consist of individuals who take decisions for children in need of care and protection, while the Juvenile Justice Board hears and decides cases relating to children in conflict with the law.

Objective of the seminar is an attempt to identify and reflect upon the complex set of challenges facing our country for Juvenile Justice System and hopes to have inputs from academicians, voluntary agencies, the government officials, policy makers and women themselves.

For Whom:

This conference attempts to bring together academicians, voluntary agencies, corporate executives, research scholars and students from Law, Humanities, Social Science, Commerce, Management and Other Disciplines.

Call for Papers:

Original papers are invited on following:

MAIN THEME: "JUVENILE JUSTICE IN INDIA: STATUS & CHALLENGES"

SUB THEME:

- ❖ Concept of Juvenile Justice
- ❖ Concept of Juvenile Delinquency
- ❖ Nature and Causes of Juvenile Delinquency
- ❖ International Efforts for Juvenile Justice
- ❖ Historical Development of Juvenile Justice in India.
- ❖ Juvenile Justice Board - Procedure and powers etc.
- ❖ Child Welfare Committee – Procedure and powers etc.
- ❖ Juvenile Courts - its working and distinctive characteristics.
- ❖ Legal Measures to Control Juvenile Delinquency
- ❖ Delimitation of the Scope of Juvenile Delinquency
- ❖ Discriminatory application of Juvenile Justice
- ❖ Special Homes & Juvenile Homes
- ❖ Treatment of Juvenile Delinquents & Children in need of care and protection
- ❖ Rehabilitation and After-care of Juvenile Delinquents and Children in need of care and protection
- ❖ Special Juvenile Police Units.
- ❖ Offences against Juveniles.
- ❖ Uncontrollable Juveniles
- ❖ An Evaluation of Juvenile Justice System in India.

Registration:

Dates	Till 20 th April 2017 (In Rs.)	Till 15 th June 2017 (In Rs.)	On Spot (In Rs.)
Delegates	600	700	800
Scholars	400	500	600
Students	300	400	500

Note: The Registration fee includes the registration kit, lunch, and tea and does not include accommodation\room Charges. Delegates are requested to arrange TA from their own institutions. We can arrange for night stay on demand and payment if requested till 15 June. If more than one author each have to register separately.

Venue : Conference Hall, Rajasthan Adult Education Association, Jhalana Institutional Area, Jaipur -302004

Date & Day: 25th June 2017, Sunday

Payment Mode: The registration fee is payable by Cash,Cheque or Demand Draft in favor of "SURAJ SANSTHAN, JAIPUR". **Another mode of Payment by RTGS/ NEFT**

Bank : IDBI Saving A/c Name : Suraj Sansthan, Jaipur, Rajasthan	A/c No.: 013104000065274	RTGS/NEFT IFS Code: IBKL0000013 MICR Code: <u>302259002</u>	Bank Branch : D-24, Durlabh Niwas, Prithviraj Road, C-Scheme, Jaipur
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IMPORTANT DATES:	Submission of abstract	10 th April 2017
	Acceptance of Paper	14 th April 2017
	Submission of Full Paper	20 th April 2017

GUIDELINES FOR AUTHOR:

PAPER FORMAT: Full paper (with abstract 500 words) with a word count of 2500-3000 words should be e-mail at **nationalseminarss@gmail.com** with a cover page mentioning the title, author's name, complete address, telephone number, and email of the author. Correspondence shall be made to the first named author unless otherwise indicated. (Hard copy, registration form & originality form along with Registration fee should also be essentially sent on time). A certificate of originality and copyright should be submitted with full paper otherwise it won't be consider for publication. **Citations should be properly referred. MARGINS:** 2.5 Cm or 1 Inch, **SPACING:** 1.5 **FONT:** Times New Roman, 12 Point for English & Devlys 010, 14 points for Hindi.

We would like to inform you that registered abstracts will be published in the Souvenir of the Seminar. Further we would like to add to your knowledge that full paper will be selected by committee for Book publication, upon your consent, will be published in a book titled "Juvenile Justice in India" with ISBN.

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